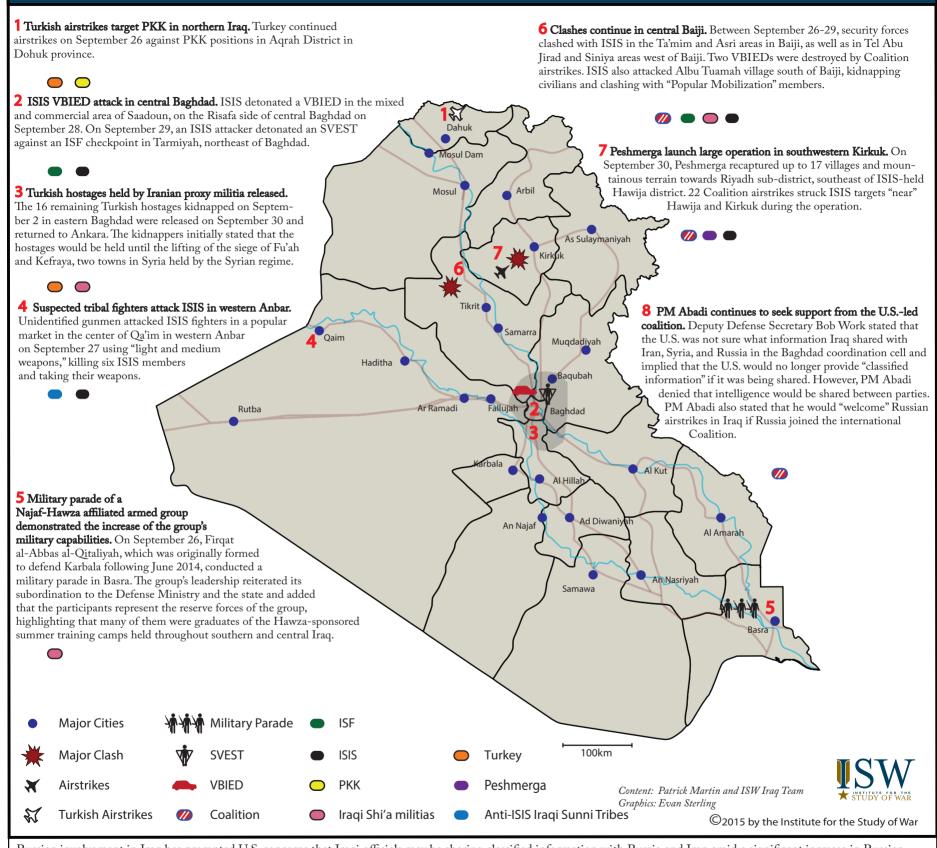
## Iraq Situation Report: September 26 - October 1, 2015



Russian involvement in Iraq has prompted U.S. concerns that Iraqi officials may be sharing classified information with Russia and Iran amid a significant increase in Russian activity in Syria. The U.S. has signaled that it will not accept Russian pressures to relinquish its control over the direction of the anti-ISIS effort in Iraq and Syria, as Secretary of State John Kerry stated that discussions are underway to increase the number of Coalition airstrikes in the theater. PM Abadi deemphasized the importance of the Baghdad coordination cell between Iraq, Iran, Syria, and Russia, calling it an information sharing effort involving no military coordination that has been ongoing for "three months." PM Abadi also stated that he would welcome Russian airstrikes if they were "prepared to join the international Coalition." PM Abadi's rhetoric indicates that he does not want to lose the full support of the U.S.-led Coalition but may still be willing to accept limited support from non-Coalition countries in the anti-ISIS fight. Meanwhile the PUK Peshmerga launched an operation against ISIS positions west and southwest of Kirkuk towards near Hawija. While other Peshmerga offensives have occurred south of Kirkuk near Tuz Khurmato and Daquq districts in September, the new offensive is significant in that it increases the buffer zone between ISIS and Kirkuk in an area where ISIS has dominated since June 2014. The offensive does not appear to be a signal regarding the formation of the Russian coordination cell in Baghdad, but rather, part of an effort launched on September 12 in coordination with the U.S.-led Coalition to recapture territory in the province with heavy air support.