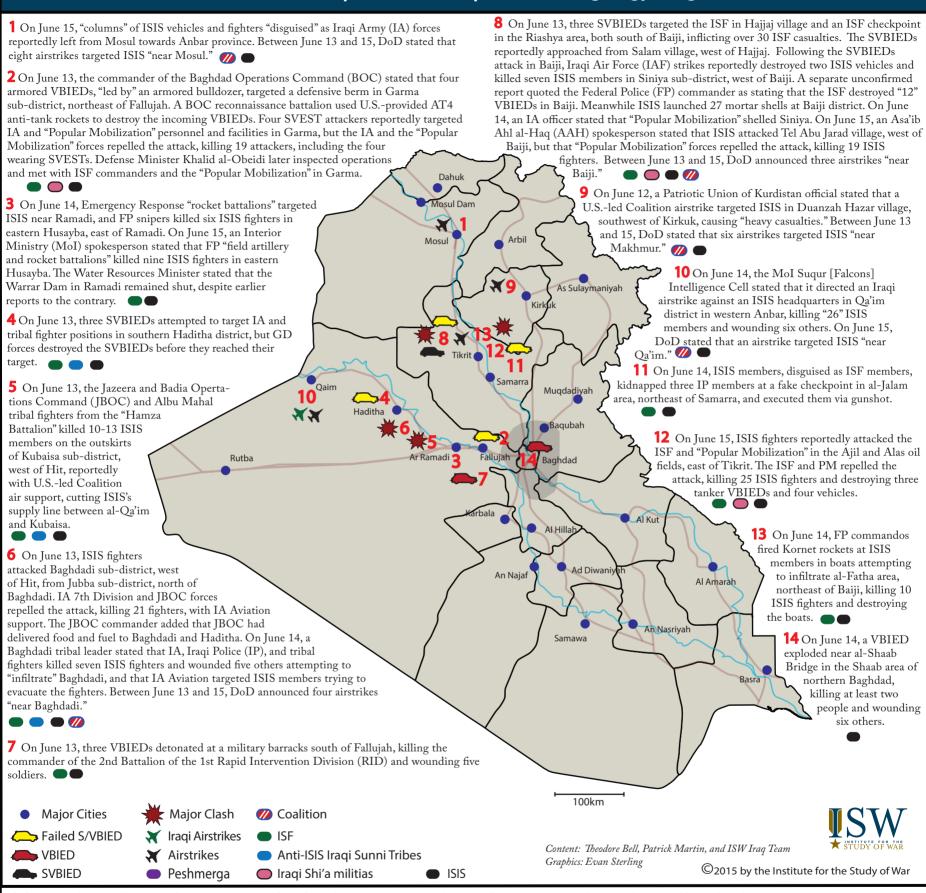
Iraq Situation Report: June 13 - 15, 2015



ISIS launched a VBIED wave of at least 13 VBIEDS on Saturday, June 13 north and south of Fallujah, near Haditha, and south of Baiji. An additional VBIED detonated in northern Baghdad on Sunday, June 14, and additional attempted VBIEDs were reported in the Alas and Ajil oil fields, east of Tikrit, on Monday, June 15. In total, ISIS has launched at least 36 VBIEDS in the last ten days, including eight VBIEDs that were intercepted by the ISF west of Karbala on June 10. This is the largest set of VBIEDs that ISW has documented in Iraq during a short time interval since 2013, when VBIEDs constituted ISIS's main attack vector prior to the commencement of its maneuver campaign to control cities. The reinvigoration of ISIS's VBIED campaign may indicate final preparations for a main attack during Ramadan 2015, either in the locations shown where ISIS attempted to launch VBIEDs against ISF positions, such as Haditha, Garma, and Baiji, or in places that were not targeted with VBIEDS over the last week, such as Samarra, away from which ISIS may be attempting to divert attention. Alternatively, ISIS may also be launching VBIEDs as a reaction to recent ISF and "Popular Mobilization" successes, including the destruction or interdiction of at least 19 VBIEDs over the 10 days preceding the weekend as well as reported gains against ISIS near Ramadi, Fallujah, and Baiji. Importantly, most of the VBIEDs that were reported over the last 10 days were repelled by the ISF and "Popular Mobilization". This capability will be enhanced by U.S.-supplied AT4 anti-tank rockets, the first and effective ISF usage of which was reported over the weekend. As ISIS is reportedly regularly using U.S. armored HMMWVs as VBIEDs, anti-tank rockets will likely enable the ISF to neutralize the VBIED threat more effectively. VBIEDs have only constituted a portion of ISIS's campaign since 2013, however, and ISIS is likely using them in conjunction with other planned attacks.